

Fish and wildlife passage at bridges and culverts: existing conditions and priorities for mitigation

STEP webinar

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Climate Change: A Risk Business.....

Role of Natural Assets in Addressing Climate Change



	Mitigation of Climate Change Impacts	Delivery of Services
•	Carbon sequestration and storage Stormwater management Urban heat island reduction	 Recreation and tourism Waste assimilation Real estate value appreciation Drinking water quality enhancement

Natural Heritage System Protection and Climate Resilience

Protecting and restoring the natural heritage system is one of the most important climate change actions we can undertake for local ecosystems.



CVC STEP Webinars Related to Natural Asset Management

- March 31 Overview of the Ecological Land Classification System
- April 7 Natural Asset Inventory and Condition Assessment (Part 1)

April 28 – Fish and Wildlife Passage at Bridges and Culverts

- May 5 Level of Service, Valuation and Life-Cycle Costing for Natural Assets (Part 2)
- June 2 Climate Considerations for Management of Natural Features
- June 23 CVC Ecosystem Offsetting Guidelines
- September 8 Building Business Case for Natural Assets (Part 3)
- September 29 Biodiversity Matters in Managing Natural Assets

https://sustainabletechnologies.ca/events/2022-webinar-series/

Outline

- Background: the Credit River Watershed and road ecology
- Road and Valley Crossings project overview
- Results: Wildlife
- Results: Fish
- Applications, implementation, and next steps

Background



The Credit River Watershed



Valleylands of the Credit River Watershed Natural Heritage System (NHS)

Road ecology focuses on the interactions between roads and the natural environment

Photo: Carl Hiebert



Connectivity and the Natural Heritage System

Where are the best locations to improve habitat connectivity?

Road and Valley Crossings Project Overview

Background of Road Ecology at CVC

- Region of Peel requested priorities and guidance from CVC
- CVC has undertaken:
 - Site-level tool for implementation: CVC Fish and Wildlife Crossing Guidelines
 - Landscape-level tool for strategic planning: Road and Valley Crossings project



CVC Road and Valley Crossing Project Goals

To identify priority bridges and culverts for improvements to fish and wildlife passage

To help guide the work of CVC and partners to strategic locations within the Credit River watershed

To enhance connectivity of valleylands for both fish and wildlife

CVC Road and Valley Crossings Project



- Field work at 1100+ locations
- Mapping characterizing existing conditions
- Photo library
- Used internally by CVC staff

- Fish and wildlife priority mapping
- Update of shapefiles, maps, user guide
- Consultation with CVC staff and municipalities

- Final report
- Roll out of results internally and with municipalities and other partners

Data Collection



Measurements at each bridge and culvert included:

- Location
- Road attributes
- Structure attributes and dimensions
- Stream flow information
- Evidence of fish and/or wildlife passage

> 1100 crossings inventoried!

Results: Existing Conditions and Priorities for Wildlife

Wildlife Passage Existing Conditions



- Dimensions of structure
- Presence of dry passage
- No major damage or obstruction
- Clear line-of-sight



Existing Conditions for Wildlife Passage

Wildlife Passage Priorities: First Cut



Sites must have habitat on both sides of the road

- 1,111 bridges and culverts on municipal and provincial roads (excluding those already known to be designed for wildlife)
- 60% (666) contain habitat on both sides of the road

Wildlife Passage Priorities: Criteria

- Landscape connectivity Watershed-wide connectivity (based on Circuitscape modelling) and High Functioning valleylands of the NHS
- 2. Natural patch connectivity (based on Conefor modelling)
- 3. Centres for Biodiversity and Natural heritage features of the NHS
- 4. Wetland connections



1a. Watershed-wide Connectivity



1b. Valleylands of the Credit River Watershed Natural Heritage System (NHS)



2. Natural Patch Connectivity



3. NHS Centres for Biodiversity and Natural Heritage Features



4. Wetland Connections



Watershed Results: Wildlife Passage Priorities

Watershed Results: Wildlife Priorities

Priority level	Number of crossings	Percent of total crossings
Very High	107	10%
High	170	15%
Moderate	110	10%
Low	163	14%
Passable, but may benefit from other BMPs*	116	10%
Already designed for wildlife**	20	2%
Not likely a priority	445	39%
TOTAL	1,131	100%

*Consider fencing or other best management practices as appropriate at time of upgrade **Only mapped where known, likely an underestimate

Results: Existing Conditions and Priorities for Fish

Fish Passage Existing Conditions

Characterized based on:

- Perch/jump height
- Substrate presence
- Slope and length of structure
- Major damage or obstruction
- Constriction of stream flow







Existing Conditions for Fish Passage

Fish Passage Priorities: First Cut

Sites must be complete or partial barriers to fish passage

• **1,174** watercourse crossings in the watershed

• 32% (376) are complete or partial barriers to fish

Fish Passage Priorities: Criteria

- 1. Fish community
- 2. Upstream connectivity
- 3. Passability of the structure
- 4. Location in the stream network (Stream order)





Brook Trout



Redside Dace

1. Fish Community



2. Upstream Connectivity Gain





3. Passability of the Structure



4. Stream Order



Watershed Results: Fish Passage Priorities

Watershed Results: Fish Passage Priorities

Priority level	Number of crossings	Percent of total crossings
Very High	16	1%
High	58	5%
Moderate	183	16%
Low	119	10%
Not likely a priority*	798	68%
TOTAL (all watercourse crossings)	1,174	100%

*Includes crossings that are likely passable for all fish, as well as crossings that were not or could not be surveyed and were assumed to be passable



Example: Very High Priority Site for both Wildlife and Fish Passage

Applications, Implementation and Next Steps



Applications and Benefits



Municipal Road Upgrades



- CVC Planning staff have referenced data to help inform technical review of projects
- Tailored products:
 - Identify priority crossings on roads of individual municipalities
 - Flag priority crossings on road construction projects planned to occur over the next 10-20 years.

Project Level Refinement





Fish and Wildlife Crossing Guidelines



- What species are you planning for to inform design?
- Are there Species at Risk or Significant Wildlife Habitat present?
- Plan along the entire road segment

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Overlay with CVC's Risk and Return on Investment Tool (RROIT)



Source: Chris Halliday, Orangeville Banner. Orangeville reroutes trail near area suspected of aggravating flood waters

Create win-win opportunities for Municipal infrastructure, Aquatic and Natural Heritage System Restoration



LEGEND

- Cooksville_Boundary
- Roads

Wildlife Crossing Priorities

Moderate

Specific Stream Power Ratio (SSPR)

- **—** 7.1 14.1



Wildlife priorities overlaid with RROIT in Cooksville Subwatershed



LEGEND

Cooksville_Boundary

Specific Stream Power Ratio (sspr)

- **—** 7.1 14.1

Fish Passage Priority

- High
- Moderate
- Roads



Fish priorities overlaid with RROIT in Cooksville Subwatershed

Restoration and Management



Photo credit: USDA Forest service



 Consider retrofit and mitigation projects to improve connectivity (e.g., clear clogged culverts, install baffles or rocky ramps, wildlife crossing signage)

 Focus on high priority sites that municipalities do not plan to upgrade in the next 20+ years

Photo credit: Ontario Turtle Conservation Centre

Dissemination of results

- Sharing of products internally and externally
 - CVC staff
 - Municipalities
 - NGO partners
- Present to local municipalities

Shapefiles	Maps
Report	GIS methods
Photo Library	Tailored products

Key Messages

- Project identifies existing conditions for fish and wildlife passage and priority locations to improve passage
- Results can inform restoration projects and municipal road projects
- Identifying priority locations up front increases the capacity of municipalities to incorporate the results into long term planning
- Implementing these results will enhance connectivity in the natural heritage system

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Possibility grows here.







inspired by nature